



FOCUS
MICROWAVES GROUP



Microstrip & Coaxial Transistor Test Fixtures

For Load Pull Applications

Transistor Fixture Families

- Focus manufactures standard and customized Test Fixtures for packaged small, medium and high power transistors
- Two types of Fixtures are available:
 - Microstrip Fixtures, model PTJ-x-y
 - Coaxial Fixtures, model MLTF-x-y

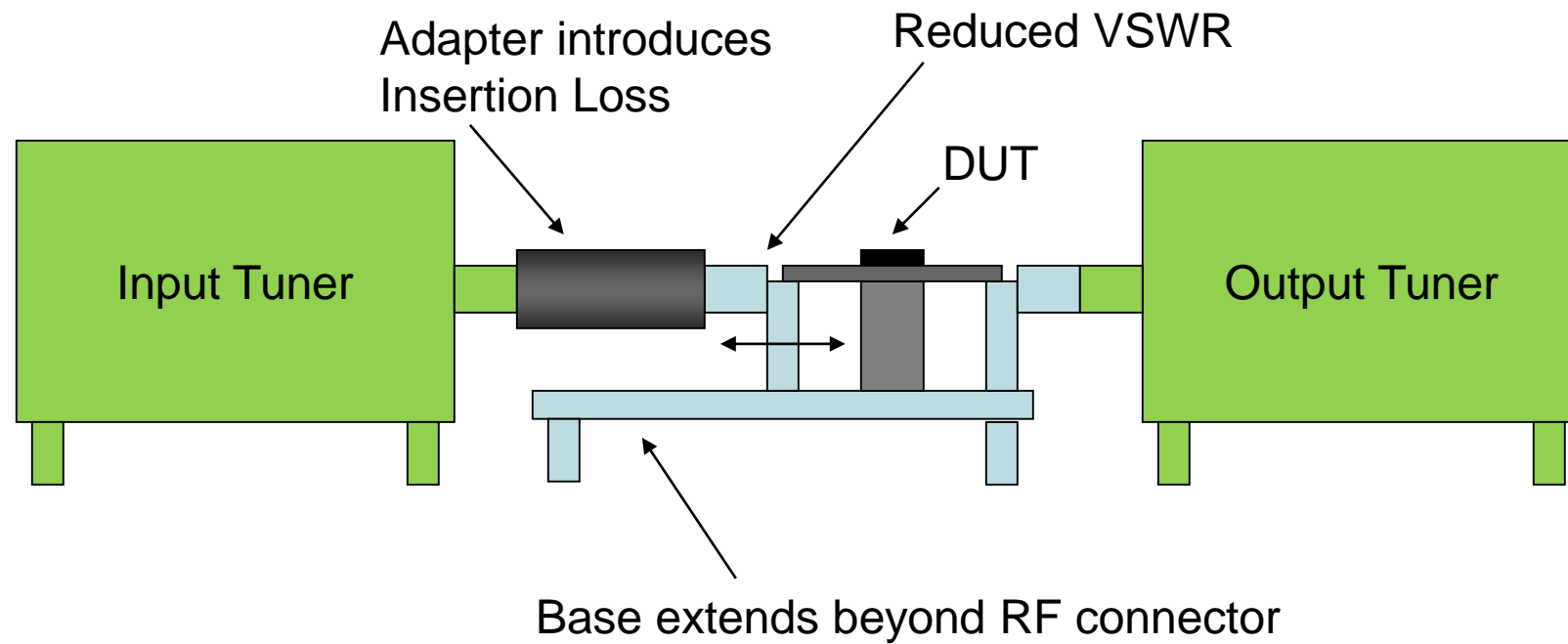
Suffix “x-y” indicates

- Type of connector
- Frequency range
- Custom type

Fixtures for Load Pull

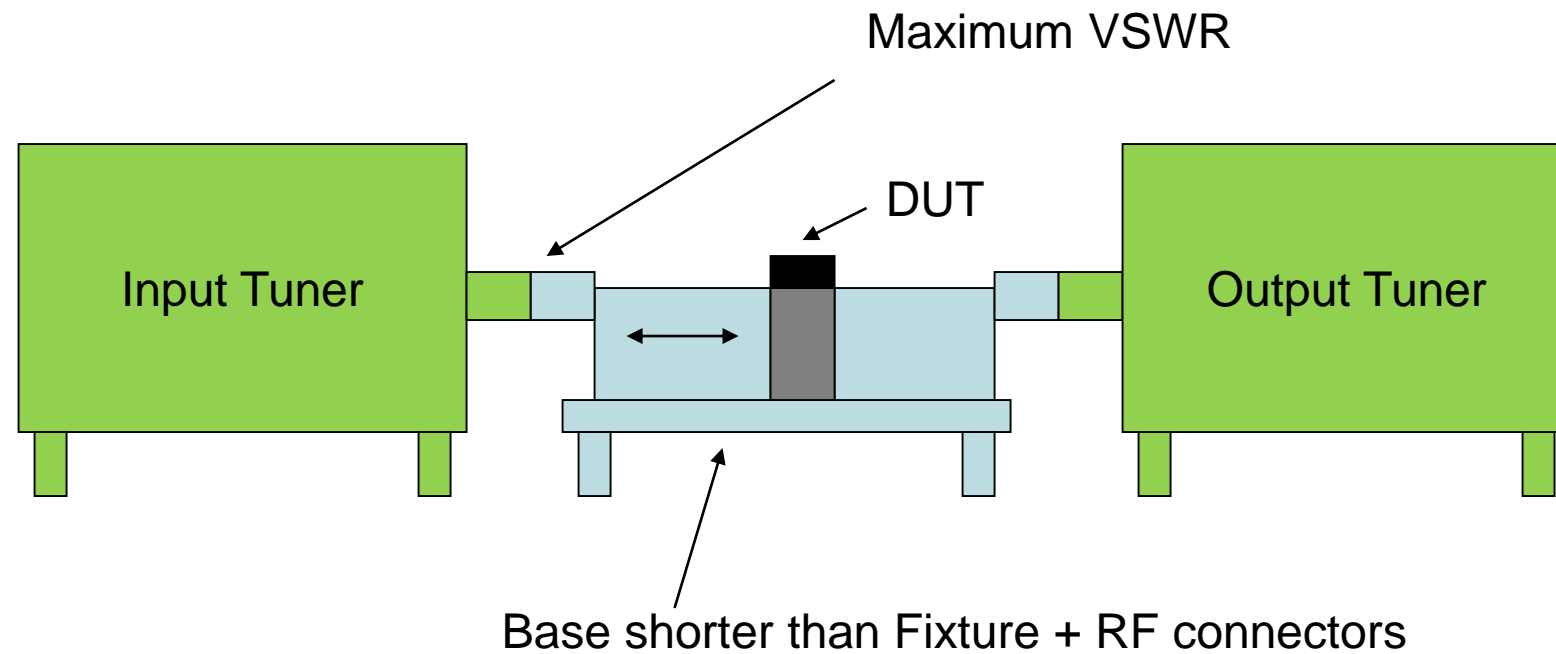
- Load Pull (and Noise) measurements use electro-mechanical Impedance Tuners
- The RF path between DUT and Tuner must be kept as short as possible, as to reduce insertion loss and maximize VSWR@DUT
- Therefore fixtures where the base extends beyond the RF connectors of the fixture are not suitable.
- Many, otherwise good, available fixtures suffer this handicap.
- Fixtures must be easily calibrated as two-ports and S-parameters of the input and output section must be available.

Fixtures *not* good for Load Pull



Example of fixture not suitable for load pull measurements

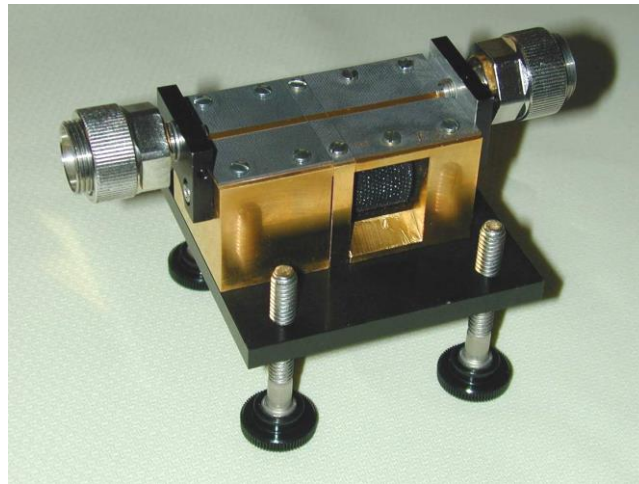
Fixtures *suitable* for Load Pull



Example of fixture suitable for load pull measurements

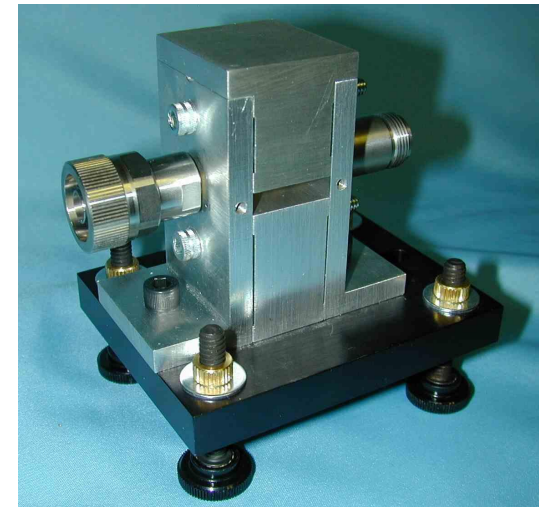
Focus Test Fixtures to 18GHz

Microstrip Fixtures



- One fixed block, one adjustable block
- Mstrip transformers and bias networks on fixture
- Available with 7/16, N, 7 and 3.5
- DUT fixed using a clamp
- TRL Calibration Standards

Coaxial Fixtures



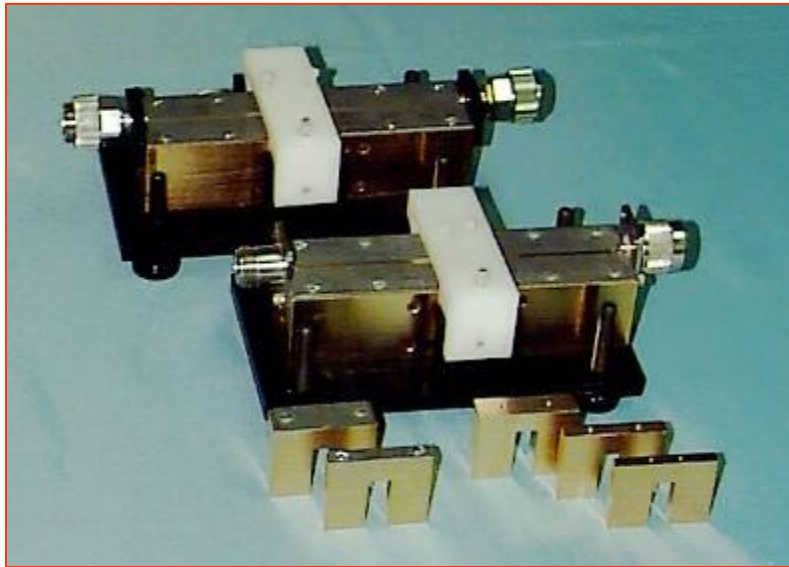
- Minimum Loss; No dielectric
- Only 50 Ω
- DUT leads clamped into coax
- APC-7, N, 7/16
- TRL Calibration Standards

Overview Test Fixtures

- Microstrip – Standard and Custom
 - PTJ-S DC-4GHz SMA, N, 3.5, 7, 7/16
 - PTJ-C DC-6GHz SMA, N, 3.5, 7, 7/16
 - PTJ-X DC-12GHz SMA, N, 3.5, 7
 - PTJ-Ku DC-18GHz SMA, N, 3.5, 7

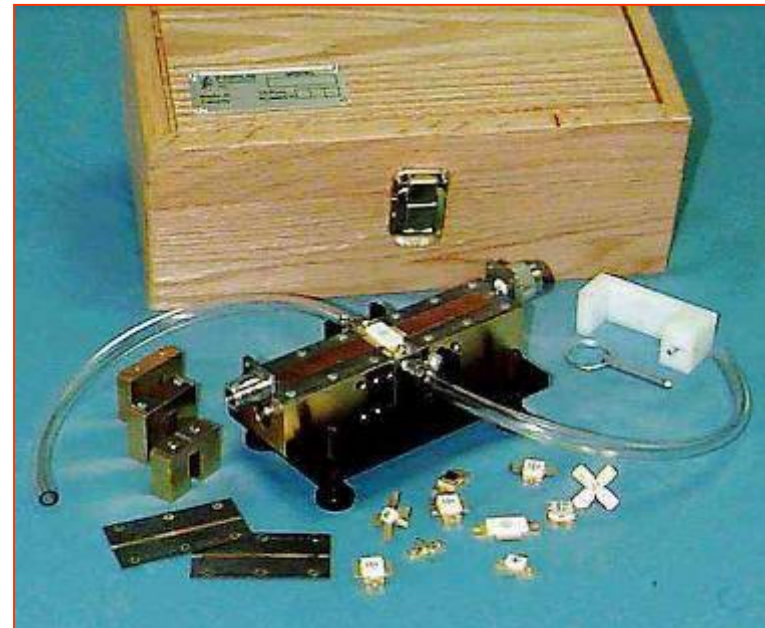
- Coaxial – Low Loss
 - MLTF-C DC-6GHz N, 7, 7/16
 - MLTF-X DC-12GHz N, 7
 - MLTF-Ku DC-18GHz N, 7

Microstrip Test Fixtures

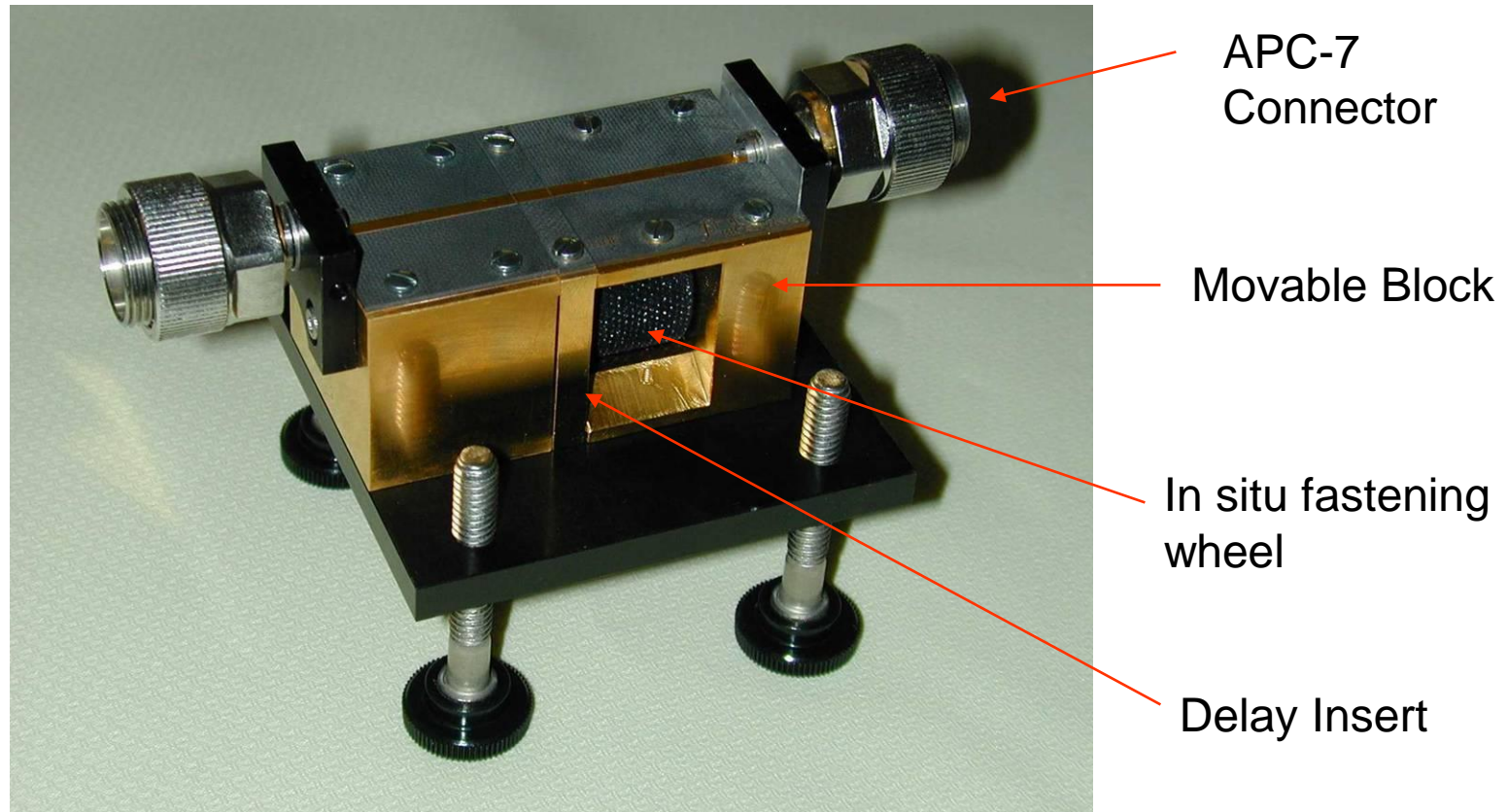


PTJ-0 with APC-7 and
N connectors

PTJ-0/N with water cooling



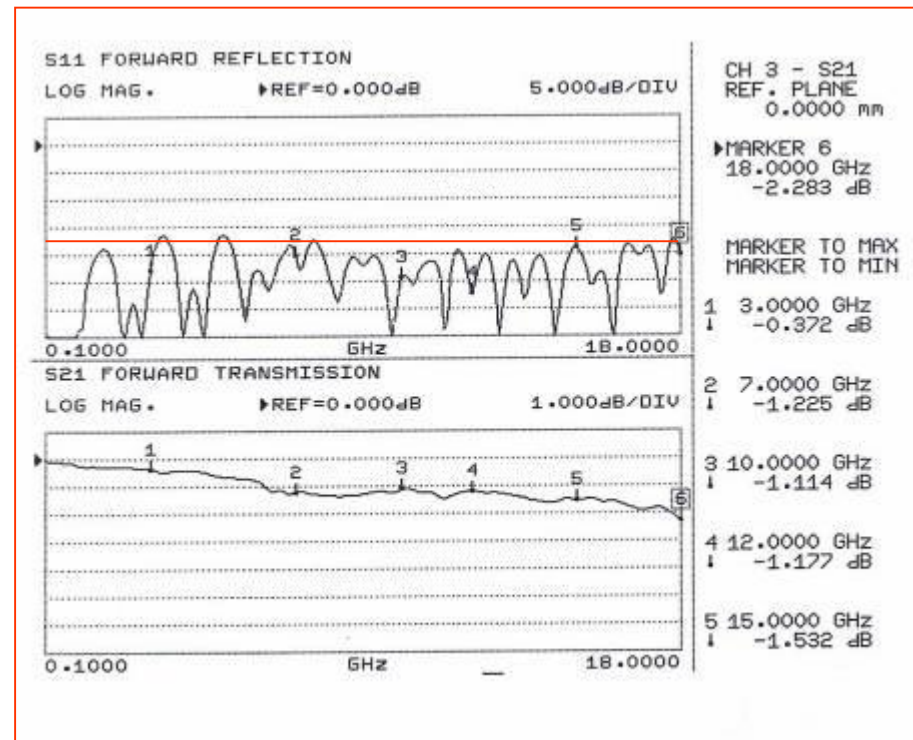
Microstrip Fixtures PTJ-Ku-7 (Operating to 18 GHz)



Overall S-Parameters

PTJ-Ku-7

-17.5dB



Total Reflection

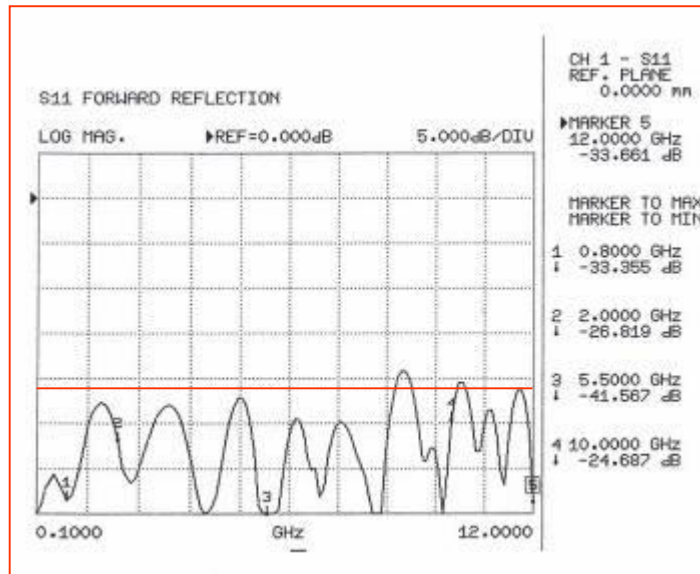
Insertion Loss of Input
and Output sections:

$$IL = 0.06 \cdot f \text{ [GHz] dB}$$

Overall S-Parameters

PTJ-X-7

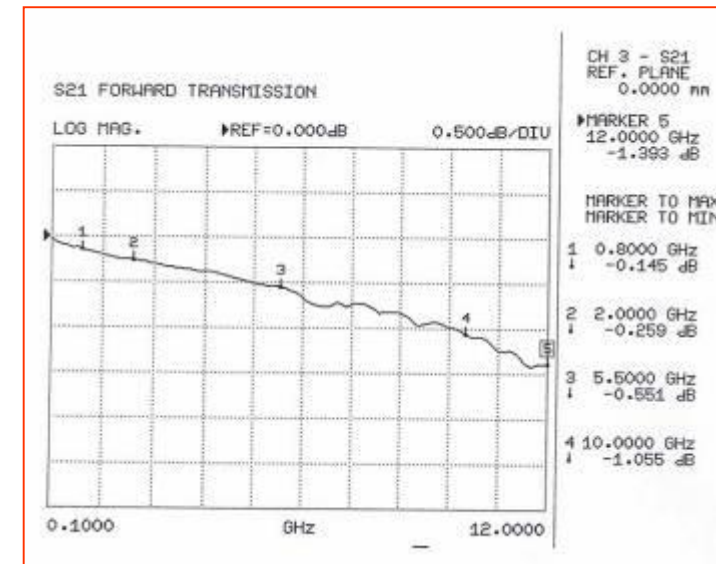
-21dB



Total Reflection

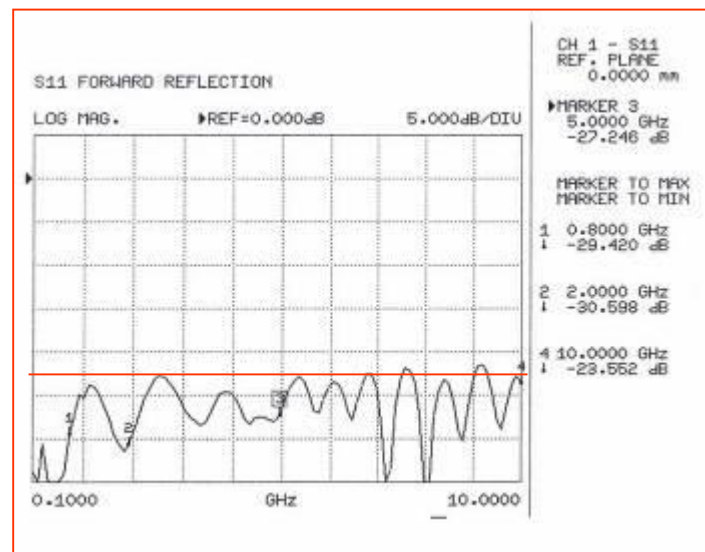
Insertion Loss of Input
and Output sections:

$$IL = 0.06 \cdot f \text{ [GHz] dB}$$



Overall S-Parameters

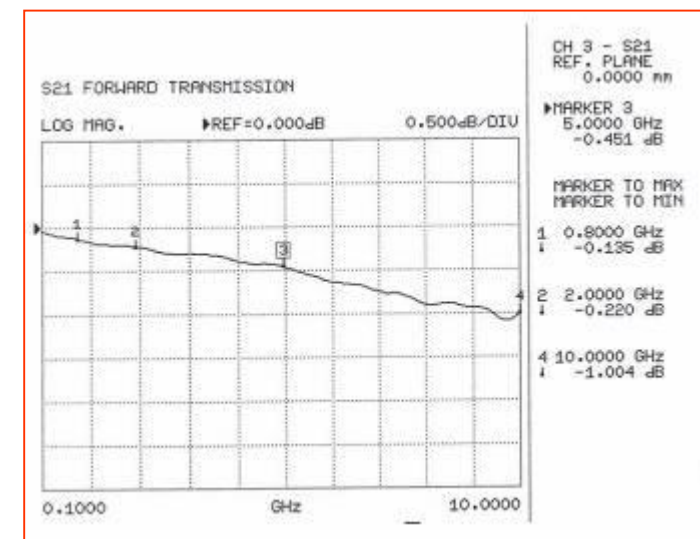
PTJ-C-SMA



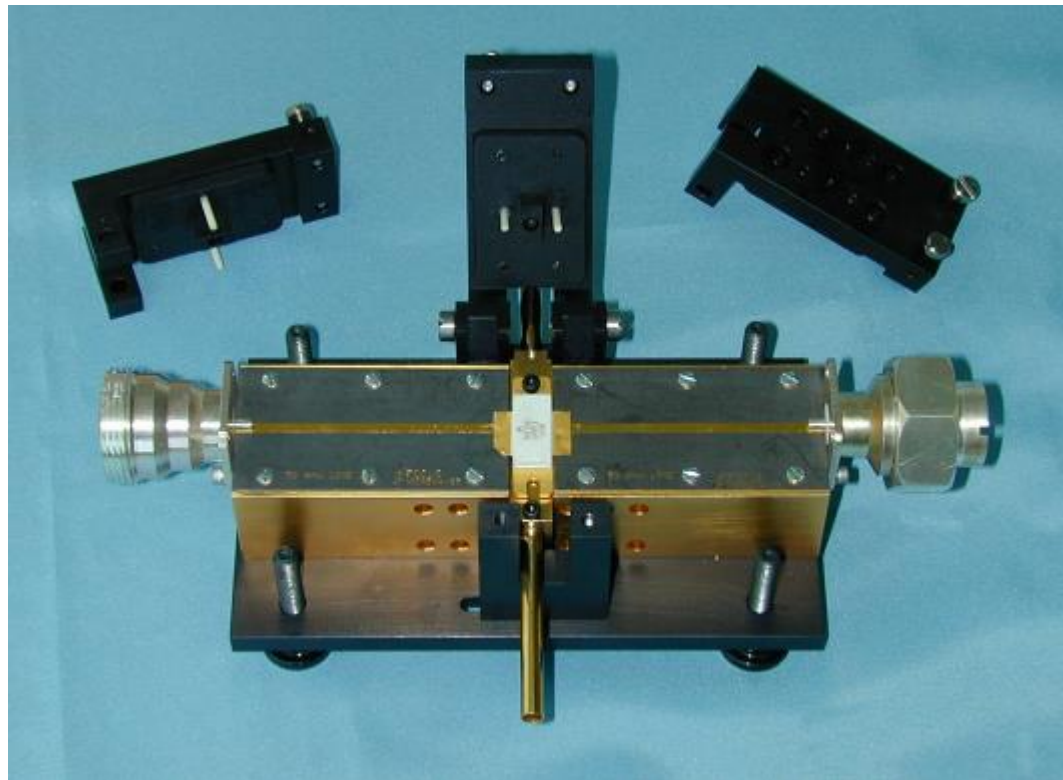
Total Reflection

Insertion Loss of Input
and Output sections:

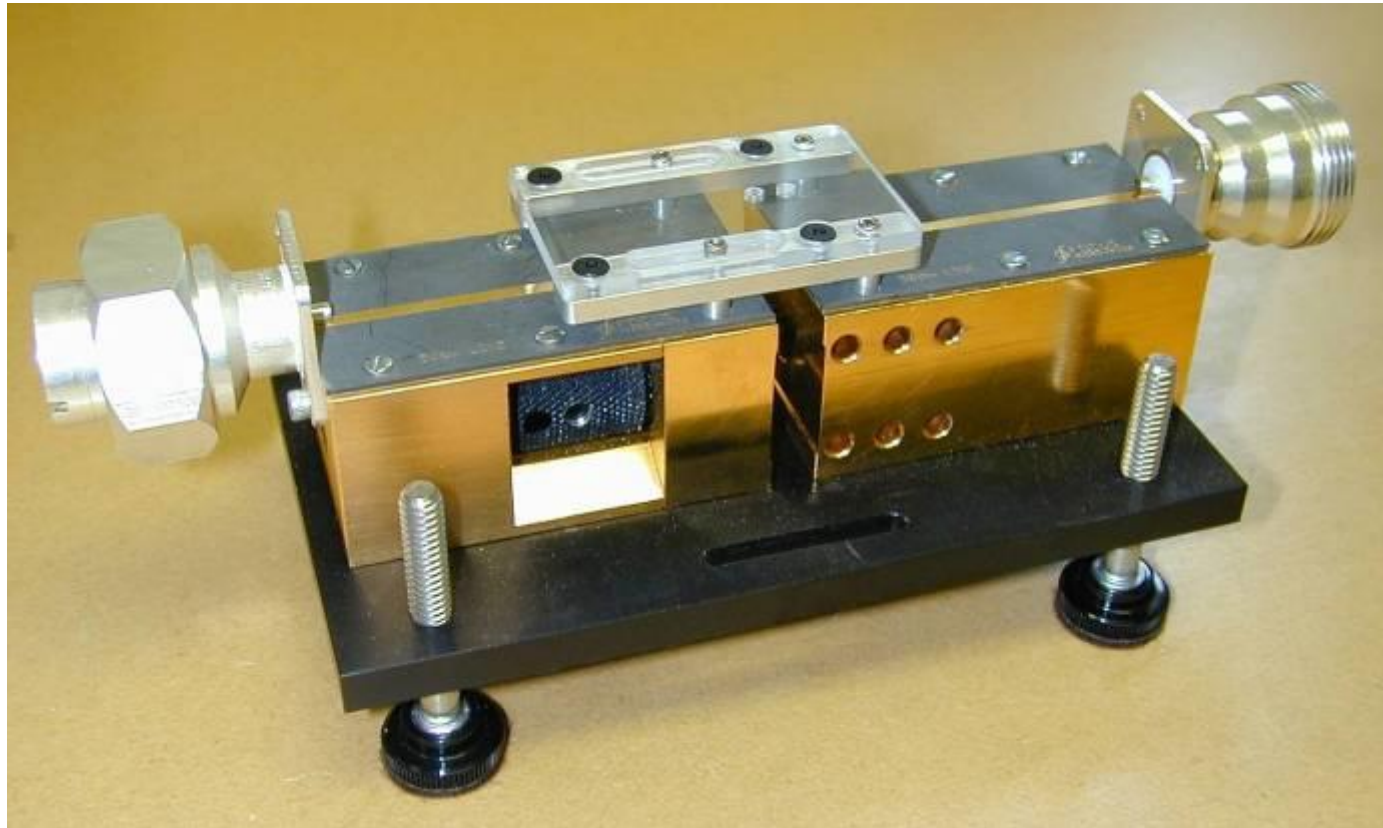
$$IL = 0.05 \cdot f \text{ [GHz] dB}$$



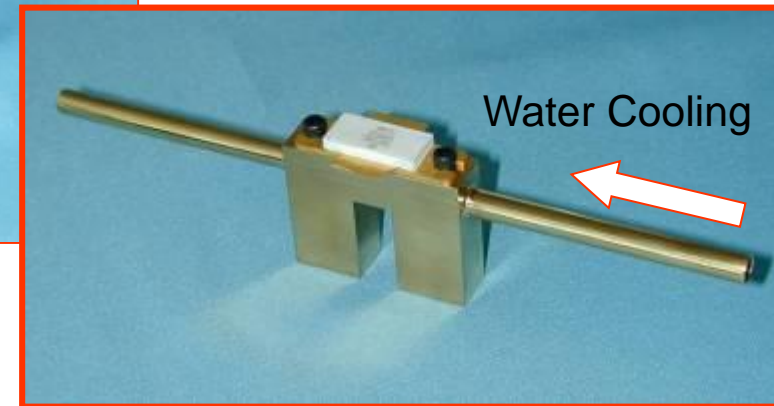
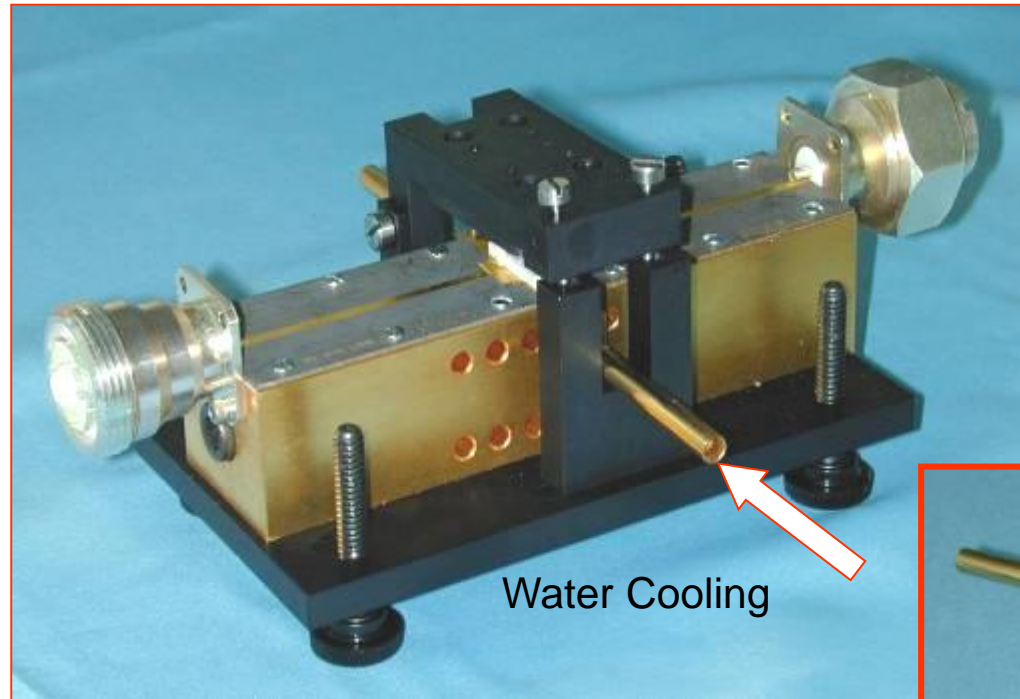
Microstrip Fixtures PTJ-C in 7/16 with Transistor Clamps & Water Cooled Insert



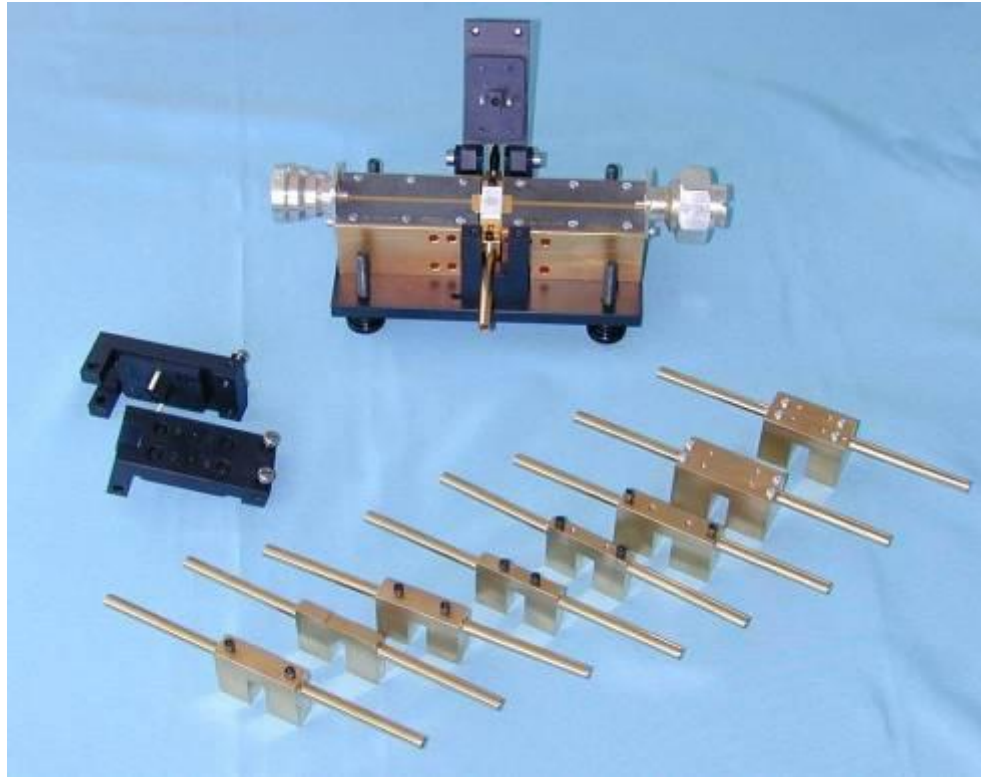
Microstrip Fixtures PTJ-C with Adjustable Transistor Clamp



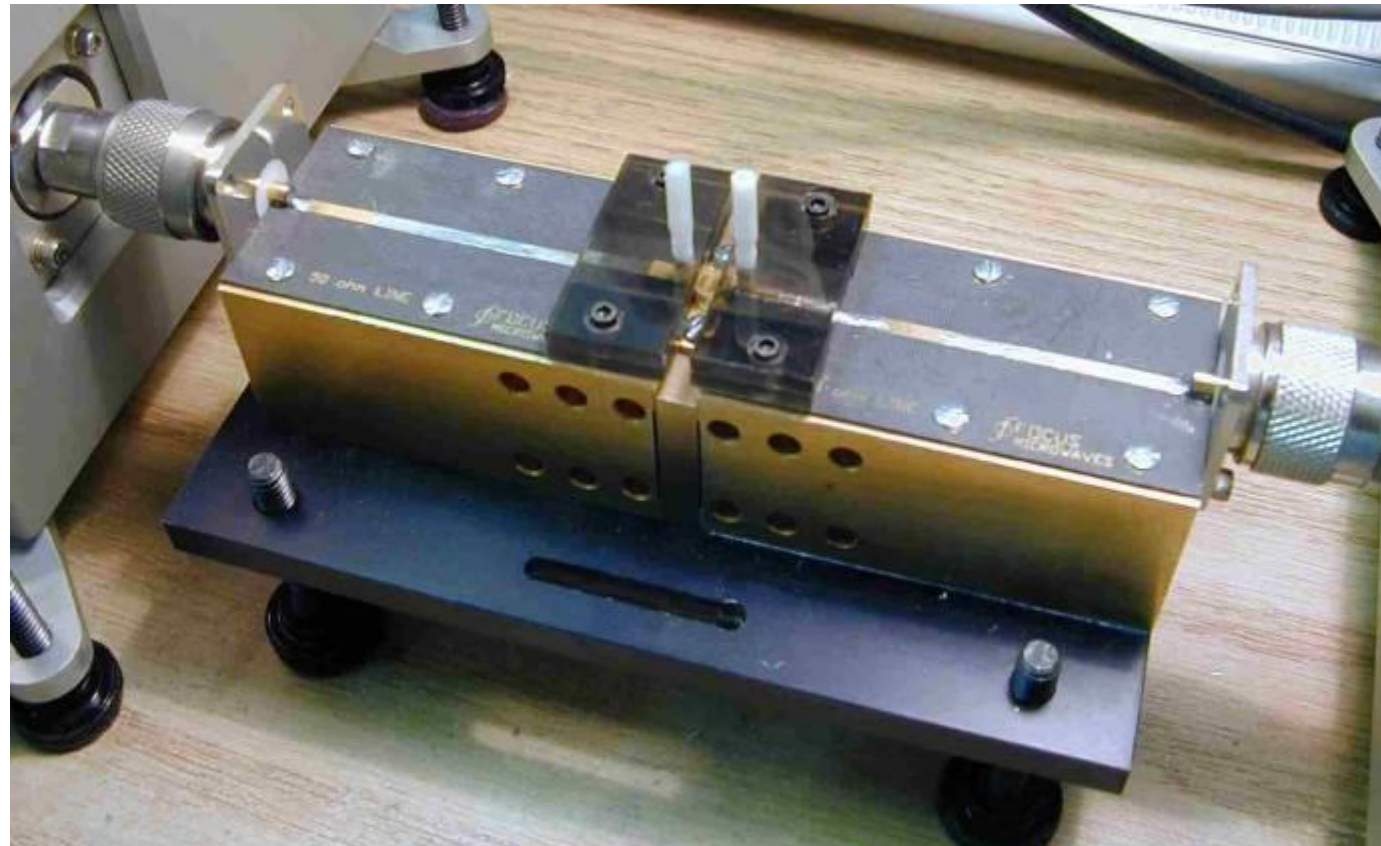
High Power Test Fixture PTJ-C with Water Cooled Inserts (>250 Watts)



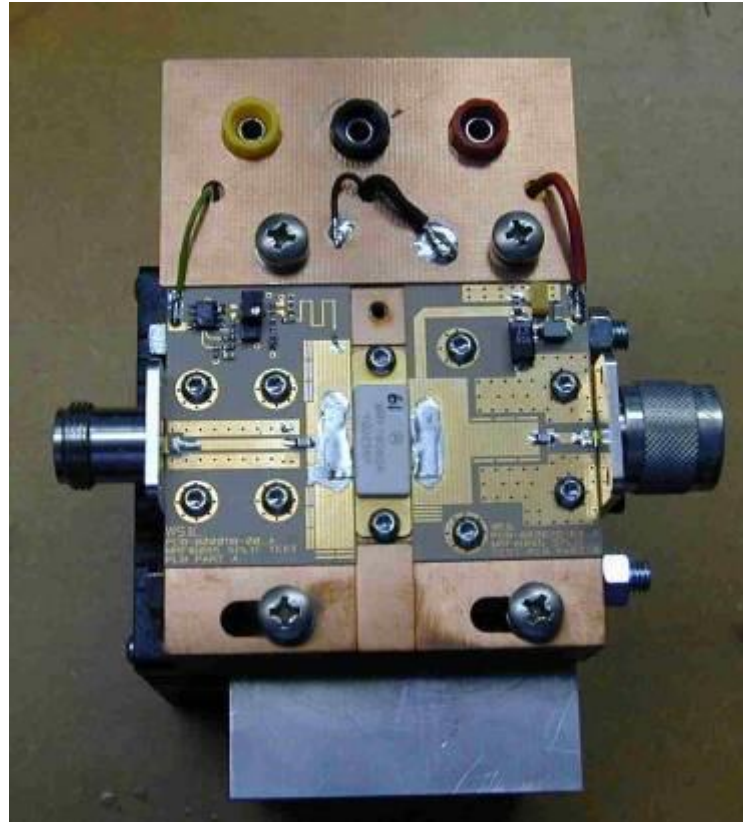
Microstrip Fixtures with Water Cooled Transistor Inserts



Microstrip Fixtures PTJ-X-N in Load Pull Operation

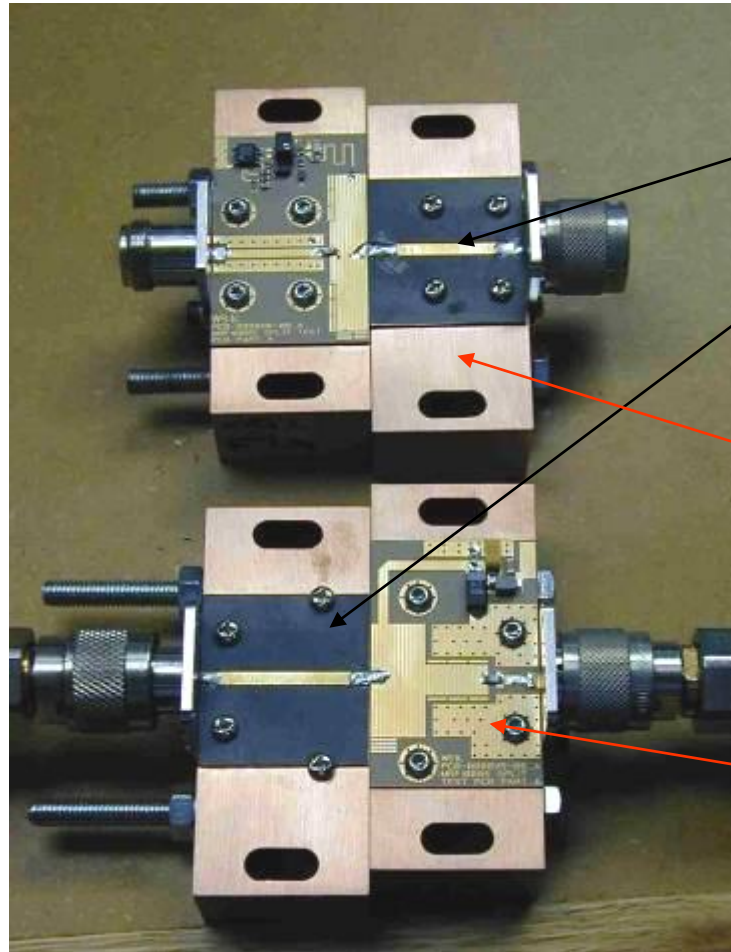


Microstrip Fixtures Complete with Transformers, Bias Networks, & Harmonic Traps



Focus calibration
Software allows
accurate
characterization of
input and output
section of this fixture

Calibrating Microstrip Fixtures

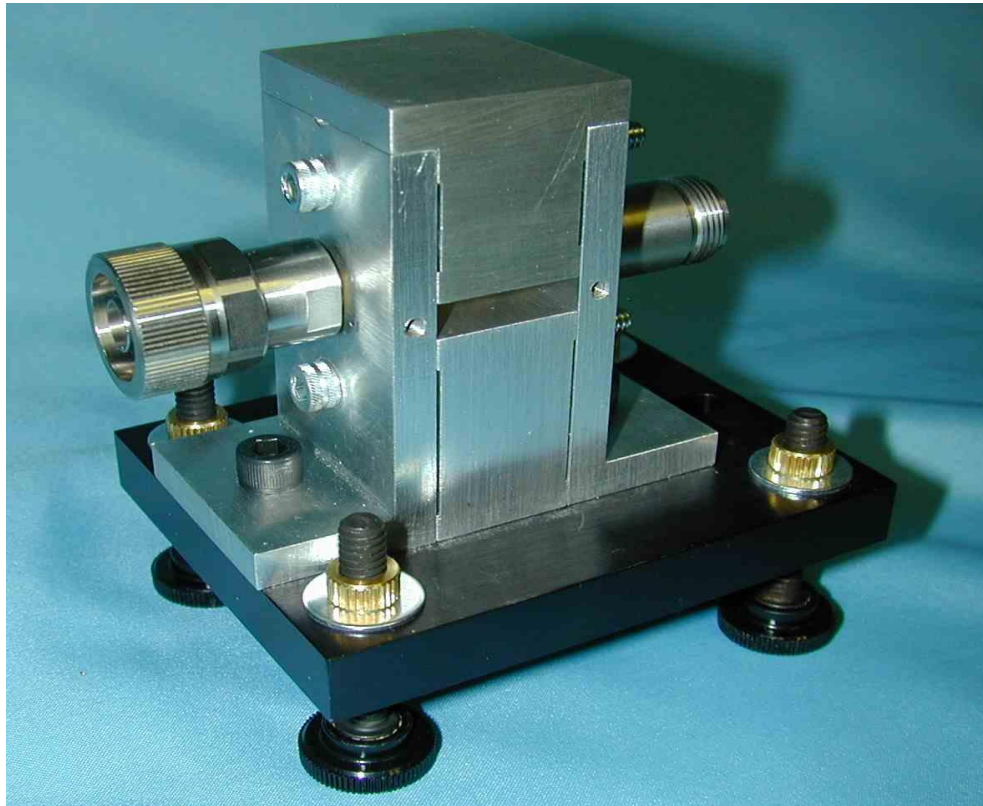


Use Adapter Removal to measure S-parameters of fixture half, since TRL fails when harmonic traps are included on the matching networks

Measure Input section

Measure Output section

Coaxial Fixtures, MLTF*-X-N



*MLTF = Minimum Loss Test Fixture

MLTF-X-N with Accessories*



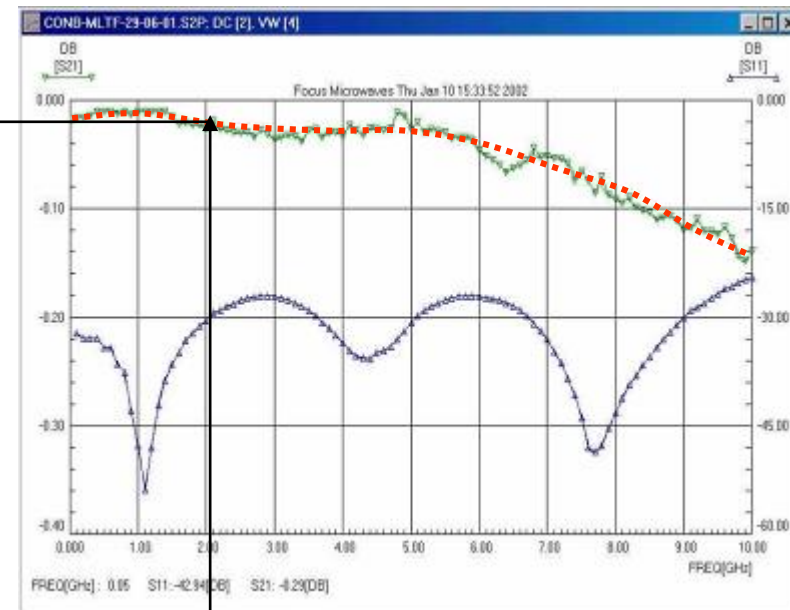
*TRL Calibration Standards and Transistor Insert

MLTF-X-N

Insertion Loss per Half: 0.02dB @ 2GHz



0.02dB



2GHz

+US patent 6,414,563

MLTF-Ku-7 Ready to Ship

S-parameters of
input and output
sections

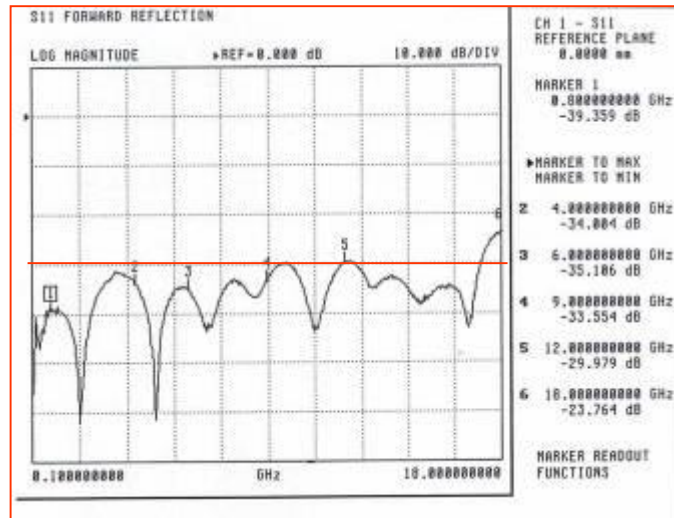
TRL Calibration
Standards



MLTF with Insert

MLTF-Ku-7

-30dB



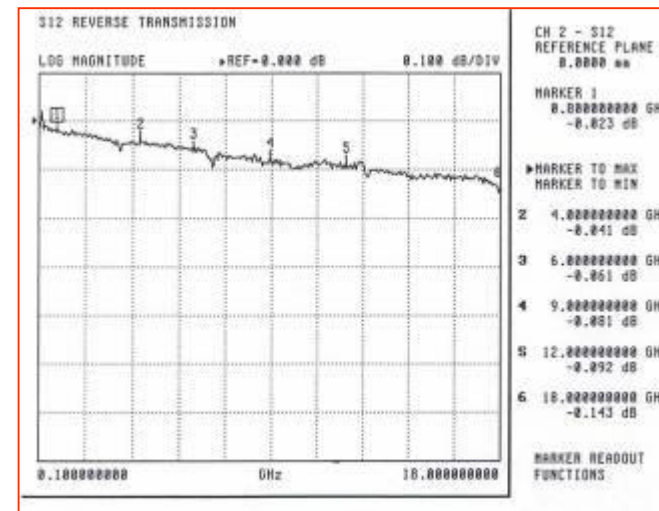
Total Reflection

DC-18 GHz

S2P of Total Fixture

Insertion Loss of Input and Output sections:

$$IL = 0.0033 \cdot f \text{ [GHz] dB}$$



PMT & MLTF Performance

Using MLTF and PMT
allows us to generate
extremely high Γ (~ 0.98)
@DUT ref. plane

